107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2603

[Report No. 107–

To implement the agreement establishing a United States-Jordan free trade area.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 24, 2001

Mr. Thomas introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

July , 2001

Reported from the Committee on Ways and Means with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on July 24, 2001]

A BILL

To implement the agreement establishing a United States-Jordan free trade area.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,



SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 2 This Act may be cited as the "United States-Jordan Free Trade Area Implementation Act". 4 SEC. 2. PURPOSES. 5 The purposes of this Act are— 6 (1) to implement the agreement between the 7 United States and Jordan establishing a free trade 8 area; (2) to strengthen and develop the economic rela-9 10 tions between the United States and Jordan for their 11 mutual benefit; and 12 (3) to establish free trade between the 2 nations 13 through the removal of trade barriers. SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. 15 For purposes of this Act: 16 (1) AGREEMENT.—The term "Agreement" means 17 the Agreement between the United States of America 18 and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan on the Estab-19 lishment of a Free Trade Area, entered into on Octo-20 ber 24, 2000. (2) HTS.—The term "HTS" means the Har-21

monized Tariff Schedule of the United States.



TITLE **I—TARIFF MODIFICA-**TIONS; RULES OF ORIGIN 2 SEC. 101. TARIFF MODIFICATIONS. (a) Tariff Modifications Provided for in the 4 5 AGREEMENT.—The President may proclaim— 6 (1) such modifications or continuation of any 7 duty, 8 (2) such continuation of duty-free or excise treat-9 ment, or 10 (3) such additional duties, as the President determines to be necessary or appropriate to carry out article 2.1 of the Agreement and the schedule of duty reductions with respect to Jordan set out in Annex 2.1 of the Agreement. 15 (b) Other Tariff Modifications.—The President may proclaim— 16 17 (1) such modifications or continuation of any 18 duty, 19 (2) such continuation of duty-free or excise treat-20 ment, or (3) such additional duties, as the President determines to be necessary or appropriate



21 (3) such additional duties, 22 as the President determines to be necessary or appropriate 23 to maintain the general level of reciprocal and mutually 24 advantageous concessions with respect to Jordan provided 25 for by the Agreement.

SEC. 102. RULES OF ORIGIN. 2 (a) In General.— 3 (1) Eligible articles.— 4 (A) In General.—The reduction or elimi-5 nation of any duty imposed on any article by 6 the United States provided for in the Agreement 7 shall apply only if— 8 (i) that article is imported directly 9 from Jordan into the customs territory of 10 the United States; and 11 (ii) that article— 12 (I) is wholly the growth, product, 13 or manufacture of Jordan; or 14 (II) is a new or different article of 15 commerce that has been grown, pro-16 duced, or manufactured in Jordan and 17 meets the requirements of subpara-18 graph(B). 19 (B) REQUIREMENTS.— 20 (i) General rule.—The requirements 21 of this subparagraph are that with respect 22 to an article described in subparagraph 23 (A)(ii)(II), the sum of— 24 (I) the cost or value of the mate-

rials produced in Jordan, plus



1	(II) the direct costs of processing
2	operations performed in Jordan,
3	is not less than 35 percent of the appraised
4	value of such article at the time it is en-
5	tered.
6	(ii) Materials produced in united
7	STATES.—If the cost or value of materials
8	produced in the customs territory of the
9	United States is included with respect to an
10	article to which this paragraph applies, an
11	amount not to exceed 15 percent of the ap-
12	praised value of the article at the time it is
13	entered that is attributable to such United
14	States cost or value may be applied toward
15	determining the percentage referred to in
16	clause (i) .
17	(2) Exclusions.—No article may be considered
18	to meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) by vir-
19	tue of having merely undergone—
20	(A) simple combining or packaging oper-
21	$ations;\ or$
22	(B) mere dilution with water or mere dilu-
23	tion with another substance that does not materi-
24	ally alter the characteristics of the article.
25	(b) Didecte Costes of Drogessing Oredations



1	(1) In general.—As used in this section, the
2	term "direct costs of processing operations" includes,
3	but is not limited to—
4	(A) all actual labor costs involved in the
5	growth, production, manufacture, or assembly of
6	the specific merchandise, including fringe bene-
7	fits, on-the-job training, and the cost of engineer-
8	ing, supervisory, quality control, and similar
9	personnel; and
10	(B) dies, molds, tooling, and depreciation
11	on machinery and equipment which are allocable
12	to the specific merchandise.
13	(2) Excluded costs.—The term "direct costs of
14	processing operations" does not include costs which
15	are not directly attributable to the merchandise con-
16	cerned, or are not costs of manufacturing the product,
17	such as—
18	(A) profit; and
19	(B) general expenses of doing business
20	which are either not allocable to the specific mer-
21	chandise or are not related to the growth, pro-
22	duction, manufacture, or assembly of the mer-
23	chandise, such as administrative salaries, cas-
24	ualty and liability insurance, advertising, and

salesmen's salaries, commissions, or expenses.



1	(c) Textile and Apparel Articles.—
2	(1) In general.—A textile or apparel article
3	imported directly from Jordan into the customs terri-
4	tory of the United States shall be considered to meet
5	the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a)
6	only if—
7	(A) the article is wholly obtained or pro-
8	duced in Jordan;
9	(B) the article is a yarn, thread, twine,
10	cordage, rope, cable, or braiding, and—
11	(i) the constituent staple fibers are
12	spun in Jordan, or
13	(ii) the continuous filament is extruded
14	$in\ Jordan;$
15	(C) the article is a fabric, including a fab-
16	ric classified under chapter 59 of the HTS, and
17	the constituent fibers, filaments, or yarns are
18	woven, knitted, needled, tufted, felted, entangled,
19	or transformed by any other fabric-making proc-
20	ess in Jordan; or
21	(D) the article is any other textile or ap-
22	parel article that is wholly assembled in Jordan
23	from its component pieces.
24	(2) Definition.—For purposes of paragraph
25	(1), an article is "wholly obtained or produced in



1	Jordan" if it is wholly the growth, product, or manu-
2	facture of Jordan.
3	(3) Special rules.—
4	(A) CERTAIN MADE-UP ARTICLES, TEXTILE
5	ARTICLES IN THE PIECE, AND CERTAIN OTHER
6	TEXTILES AND TEXTILE ARTICLES.—Notwith-
7	standing paragraph (1)(D) and except as pro-
8	vided in subparagraphs (C) and (D) of this
9	paragraph, subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of
10	paragraph (1), as appropriate, shall determine
11	whether a good that is classified under one of the
12	following headings or subheadings of the HTS
13	shall be considered to meet the requirements of
14	paragraph $(1)(A)$ of subsection (a) : 5609, 5807,
15	5811, 6209.20.50.40, 6213, 6214, 6301, 6302,
16	6304, 6305, 6306, 6307.10, 6307.90, 6308, and
17	9404.90.
18	(B) Certain knit-to-shape textiles and
19	TEXTILE ARTICLES.—Notwithstanding para-
20	graph (1)(D) and except as provided in subpara-
21	graphs (C) and (D) of this paragraph, a textile
22	or apparel article which is knit-to-shape in Jor-
23	dan shall be considered to meet the requirements

of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a).



1	(C) Certain dyed and printed textiles
2	$AND \qquad \textit{TEXTILE} \qquad \textit{ARTICLES.} \textcolor{red}{\longleftarrow} \textit{Notwithstanding}$
3	paragraph (1)(D), a good classified under head-
4	ing 6117.10, 6213.00, 6214.00. 6302.22, 6302.29,
5	6302.52, 6302.53, 6302.59, 6302.92, 6302.93,
6	6302.99, 6303.92, 6303.99, 6304.19, 6304.93,
7	6304.99, 9404.90.85, or 9404.90.95 of the HTS,
8	except for a good classified under any such head-
9	ing as of cotton or of wool or consisting of fiber
10	blends containing 16 percent or more by weight
11	of cotton, shall be considered to meet the require-
12	ments of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a) if
13	the fabric in the good is both dyed and printed
14	in Jordan, and such dyeing and printing is ac-
15	companied by 2 or more of the following fin-
16	ishing operations: bleaching, shrinking, fulling,
17	napping, decating, permanent stiffening,
18	weighting, permanent embossing, or moireing.
19	(D) Fabrics of silk, cotton, manmade
20	FIBER OR VEGETABLE FIBER.— Notwithstanding
21	paragraph (1)(C), a fabric classified under the
22	HTS as of silk, cotton, man-made fiber, or vege-
23	table fiber shall be considered to meet the re-
24	quirements of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a)

if the fabric is both dyed and printed in Jordan,



1	and such dyeing and printing is accompanied by
2	2 or more of the following finishing operations:
3	bleaching, shrinking, fulling, napping, decating,
4	permanent stiffening, weighting, permanent em-
5	bossing, or moireing.
6	(4) Multicountry rule.—If the origin of a
7	textile or apparel article cannot be determined under
8	paragraph (1) or (3), then that article shall be consid-
9	ered to meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of
10	subsection (a) if—
11	(A) the most important assembly or manu-
12	facturing process occurs in Jordan; or
13	(B) if the applicability of paragraph (1)(A)
14	of subsection (a) cannot be determined under
15	subparagraph (A), the last important assembly
16	or manufacturing occurs in Jordan.
17	(d) Exclusion.—A good shall not be considered to
18	meet the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) of subsection (a)
19	if the good—
20	(1) is imported into Jordan, and, at the time of
21	importation, would be classified under heading 0805
22	of the HTS; and
23	(2) is processed in Jordan into a good classified
24	under any of subheadings 2009.11 through 2009.30 of
25	the HTS.



1	(e) Regulations.—The Secretary of the Treasury,
2	after consultation with the United States Trade Representa-
3	tive, shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary
4	to carry out this section.
5	TITLE II—RELIEF FROM
6	<i>IMPORTS</i>
7	$Subtitle \ A-\!$
8	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
9	As used in this title:
10	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
11	means the United States International Trade Com-
12	mission.
13	(2) Jordanian Article.—The term "Jordanian
14	article" means an article that qualifies for reduction
15	or elimination of a duty under section 102.
16	Subtitle B—Relief From Imports
17	Benefiting From The Agreement
18	SEC. 211. COMMENCING OF ACTION FOR RELIEF.
19	(a) Filing of Petition.—
20	(1) In general.—A petition requesting action
21	under this subtitle for the purpose of adjusting to the
22	obligations of the United States under the Agreement
23	may be filed with the Commission by an entity, in-
24	cluding a trade association, firm, certified or recog-
25	nized union, or group of workers that is representa-



1	tive of an industry. The Commission shall transmit
2	a copy of any petition filed under this subsection to
3	the United States Trade Representative.
4	(2) Provisional relief.—An entity filing a
5	petition under this subsection may request that provi-
6	sional relief be provided as if the petition had been
7	filed under section 202(a) of the Trade Act of 1974.
8	(3) Critical circumstances.—Any allegation
9	that critical circumstances exist shall be included in
10	the petition.
11	(b) Investigation and Determination.—
12	(1) In general.—Upon the filing of a petition
13	under subsection (a), the Commission, unless sub-
14	section (d) applies, shall promptly initiate an inves-
15	tigation to determine whether, as a result of the re-
16	duction or elimination of a duty provided for under
17	the Agreement, a Jordanian article is being imported
18	into the United States in such increased quantities,
19	in absolute terms or relative to domestic production,
20	and under such conditions that imports of the Jor-
21	danian article alone constitute a substantial cause of
22	serious injury or threat thereof to the domestic indus-

try producing an article that is like, or directly com-

petitive with, the imported article.



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1	(2) Causation.—For purposes of this subtitle, a
2	Jordanian article is being imported into the United
3	States in increased quantities as a result of the reduc-
4	tion or elimination of a duty provided for under the
5	Agreement if the reduction or elimination is a cause
6	that contributes significantly to the increase in im-
7	ports. Such cause need not be equal to or greater than
8	any other cause.
9	(c) Applicable Provisions.—The following provi-
10	sions of section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
11	2252) apply with respect to any investigation initiated
12	under subsection (b):
13	(1) Paragraphs (1)(B) and (3) of subsection (b).
14	(2) Subsection (c).
15	(3) Subsection (d).
16	(d) Articles Exempt From Investigation.—No in-
17	vestigation may be initiated under this section with respect
18	to any Jordanian article if import relief has been provided
19	under this subtitle with respect to that article.
20	SEC. 212. COMMISSION ACTION ON PETITION.
21	(a) Determination.—By no later than 120 days (180
22	days if critical circumstances have been alleged) after the
23	date on which an investigation is initiated under section
24	211(b) with respect to a petition, the Commission shall
25	make the determination required under that section.



1	(b) Additional Finding and Recommendation if
2	Determination Affirmative.—If the determination
3	made by the Commission under subsection (a) with respect
4	to imports of an article is affirmative, the Commission shall
5	find, and recommend to the President in the report required
6	under subsection (c), the amount of import relief that is
7	necessary to remedy or prevent the injury found by the
8	Commission in the determination and to facilitate the ef-
9	forts of the domestic industry to make a positive adjustment
10	to import competition. The import relief recommended by
11	the Commission under this subsection shall be limited to
12	that described in section $213(c)$.
13	(c) Report to President.—No later than the date
14	that is 30 days after the date on which a determination
15	is made under subsection (a) with respect to an investiga-
16	tion, the Commission shall submit to the President a report
17	that shall include—
18	(1) a statement of the basis for the determina-
19	tion;
20	(2) dissenting and separate views; and
21	(3) any finding made under subsection (b) re-
22	garding import relief.
23	(d) Public Notice.—Upon submitting a report to the
24	President under subsection (c), the Commission shall
25	promptly make public such report (with the exception of



- 1 information which the Commission determines to be con-
- 2 fidential) and shall cause a summary thereof to be published
- 3 in the Federal Register.
- 4 (e) Applicable Provisions.—For purposes of this
- 5 subtitle, the provisions of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of
- 6 section 330(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1330(d))
- 7 shall be applied with respect to determinations and findings
- 8 made under this section as if such determinations and find-
- 9 ings were made under section 202 of the Trade Act of 1974
- 10 (19 U.S.C. 2252).

11 SEC. 213. PROVISION OF RELIEF.

- 12 (a) In General.—No later than the date that is 30
- 13 days after the date on which the President receives the re-
- 14 port of the Commission containing an affirmative deter-
- 15 mination of the Commission under section 212(a), the
- 16 President shall provide relief from imports of the article
- 17 that is the subject of such determination to the extent that
- 18 the President determines necessary to prevent or remedy the
- 19 injury found by the Commission and to facilitate the efforts
- 20 of the domestic industry to make a positive adjustment to
- 21 import competition, unless the President determines that
- 22 the provision of such relief is not in the national economic
- 23 interest of the United States or, in extraordinary cir-
- 24 cumstances, that the provision of such relief would cause
- 25 serious harm to the national security of the United States.



1	(b) National Economic Interest.—The President
2	may determine under subsection (a) that providing import
3	relief is not in the national economic interest of the United
4	States only if the President finds that taking such action
5	would have an adverse impact on the United States econ-
6	omy clearly greater than the benefits of taking such action.
7	(c) Nature of Relief.—The import relief (including
8	provisional relief) that the President is authorized to pro-
9	vide under this subtitle with respect to imports of an article
10	is—
11	(1) the suspension of any further reduction pro-
12	vided for under the United States Schedule to Annex
13	2.1 of the Agreement in the duty imposed on that ar-
14	ticle;
15	(2) an increase in the rate of duty imposed on
16	such article to a level that does not exceed the lesser
17	of—
18	(A) the column 1 general rate of duty im-
19	posed under the HTS on like articles at the time
20	the import relief is provided; or
21	(B) the column 1 general rate of duty im-
22	posed under the HTS on like articles on the day
23	before the date on which the Agreement enters
24	into force; or



1	(3) in the case of a duty applied on a seasonal
2	basis to that article, an increase in the rate of duty
3	imposed on the article to a level that does not exceed
4	the column 1 general rate of duty imposed under the
5	HTS on the article for the corresponding season oc-
6	curring immediately before the date on which the
7	Agreement enters into force.
8	(d) Period of Relief.—The import relief that the
9	President is authorized to provide under this section may
10	not exceed 4 years.
11	(e) Rate After Termination of Import Relief.—
12	When import relief under this subtitle is terminated with
13	respect to an article—
14	(1) the rate of duty on that article after such ter-
15	mination and on or before December 31 of the year
16	in which termination occurs shall be the rate that, ac-
17	cording to the United States Schedule to Annex 2.1
18	of the Agreement for the staged elimination of the tar-
19	iff, would have been in effect 1 year after the initi-
20	ation of the import relief action under section 211;
21	and
22	(2) the tariff treatment for that article after De-
23	cember 31 of the year in which termination occurs
24	shall be, at the discretion of the President, either—



1	(A) the rate of duty conforming to the ap-
2	plicable rate set out in the United States Sched-
3	ule to Annex 2.1; or
4	(B) the rate of duty resulting from the
5	elimination of the tariff in equal annual stages
6	ending on the date set out in the United States
7	Schedule to Annex 2.1 for the elimination of the
8	tariff.
9	SEC. 214. TERMINATION OF RELIEF AUTHORITY.
10	(a) General Rule.—Except as provided in sub-
11	section (b), no import relief may be provided under this
12	subtitle after the date that is 15 years after the date on
13	which the Agreement enters into force.
14	(b) Exception.—Import relief may be provided under
15	this subtitle in the case of a Jordanian article after the date
16	on which such relief would, but for this subsection, termi-
17	nate under subsection (a), but only if the Government of
18	Jordan consents to such provision.
19	SEC. 215. COMPENSATION AUTHORITY.
20	For purposes of section 123 of the Trade Act of 1974
21	(19 U.S.C. 2133), any import relief provided by the Presi-
22	dent under section 213 shall be treated as action taken
23	under chapter 1 of title II of such Act.



SEC. 216. SUBMISSION OF PETITIONS. 2 A petition for import relief may be submitted to the 3 Commission under— 4 (1) this subtitle; 5 (2) chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974; 6 or7 (3) under both this subtitle and such chapter 1 8 at the same time, in which case the Commission shall 9 consider such petitions jointly. Subtitle C—Cases Under Title II Of 10 The Trade Act of 1974 11 SEC. 221. FINDINGS AND ACTION ON JORDANIAN IMPORTS. 13 (a) Effect of Imports.—If, in any investigation initiated under chapter 1 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974, the Commission makes an affirmative determination (or a determination which the President may treat as an affirmative determination under such chapter by reason of 17 section 330(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930), the Commission 18 19 shall also find (and report to the President at the time such injury determination is submitted to the President) whether 20 imports of the article from Jordan are a substantial cause 22 of serious injury or threat thereof. (b) Presidential Action Regarding Jordanian 23



IMPORTS.—In determining the nature and extent of action

- 1 Jordan are a substantial cause of the serious injury found
- 2 by the Commission and, if such determination is in the neg-
- 3 ative, may exclude from such action imports from Jordan.
- 4 SEC. 222. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.
- 5 Section 202(a)(8) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
- 6 2252(a)(8)) is amended in the first sentence—
- 7 (1) by striking "and part 1" and inserting ",
- 8 part 1"; and
- 9 (2) by inserting before the period at the end ",
- and title II of the United States-Jordan Free Trade
- 11 Area Implementation Act".

12 TITLE III—TEMPORARY ENTRY

- 13 SEC. 301. NONIMMIGRANT TRADERS AND INVESTORS.
- 14 Upon the basis of reciprocity secured by the Agreement,
- 15 an alien who is a national of Jordan (and any spouse or
- 16 child (as defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Immigration
- 17 and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(1)) of the alien, if
- 18 accompanying or following to join the alien) shall be con-
- 19 sidered as entitled to enter the United States under and
- 20 in pursuance of the provisions of the Agreement as a non-
- 21 immigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(E) of the Immi-
- 22 gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(E)), if
- 23 the entry is solely for a purpose described in clause (i) or
- 24 (ii) of such section and the alien is otherwise admissible
- 25 to the United States as such a nonimmigrant.



TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS SEC. 401. RELATIONSHIP OF THE AGREEMENT TO UNITED 3 STATES AND STATE LAW. 4 RELATIONSHIP OF AGREEMENT TO United STATES LAW.— 5 6 (1) United States law to prevail in con-7 FLICT.—No provision of the Agreement, nor the appli-8 cation of any such provision to any person or cir-9 cumstance, that is inconsistent with any law of the 10 United States shall have effect. 11 (2) Construction.—Nothing in this Act shall 12 be construed— 13 (A) to amend or modify any law of the 14 United States, or 15 (B) to limit any authority conferred under 16 any law of the United States, 17 unless specifically provided for in this Act. 18 (b) Relationship of Agreement to State Law.— 19 (1) Legal Challenge.—No State law, or the 20 application thereof, may be declared invalid as to any 21 person or circumstance on the ground that the provi-22 sion or application is inconsistent with the Agree-23 ment, except in an action brought by the United 24 States for the purpose of declaring such law or appli-



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cation invalid.

1	(2) Definition of state law.—For purposes of
2	this subsection, the term "State law" includes—
3	(A) any law of a political subdivision of a
4	State; and
5	(B) any State law regulating or taxing the
6	business of insurance.
7	(c) Effect of Agreement With Respect to Pri-
8	VATE REMEDIES.—No person other than the United
9	States—
10	(1) shall have any cause of action or defense
11	under the Agreement; or
12	(2) may challenge, in any action brought under
13	any provision of law, any action or inaction by any
14	department, agency, or other instrumentality of the
15	United States, any State, or any political subdivision
16	of a State on the ground that such action or inaction
17	is inconsistent with the Agreement.
18	SEC. 402. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	There are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal
20	year after fiscal year 2001 to the Department of Commerce
21	not more than \$100,000 for the payment of the United
22	States share of the expenses incurred in dispute settlement
23	proceedings under article 17 of the Agreement.
24	SEC. 403. IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS.
25	After the date of enactment of this Act—



1	(1) the President may proclaim such actions,
2	and
3	(2) other appropriate officers of the United
4	States may issue such regulations,
5	as may be necessary to ensure that any provision of this
6	Act, or amendment made by this Act, that takes effect on
7	the date the Agreement enters into force is appropriately
8	implemented on such date, but no such proclamation or reg-
9	ulation may have an effective date earlier than the date
10	the Agreement enters into force.
11	SEC. 404. EFFECTIVE DATES; EFFECT OF TERMINATION.
l1 l2	SEC. 404. EFFECTIVE DATES; EFFECT OF TERMINATION. (a) EFFECTIVE DATES.—Except as provided in sub-
12	(a) Effective Dates.—Except as provided in sub-
12	(a) Effective Dates.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the provisions of this Act and the amendments
12 13 14	(a) Effective Dates.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the provisions of this Act and the amendments made by this Act take effect on the date the Agreement enters
12 13 14 15	(a) Effective Dates.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the provisions of this Act and the amendments made by this Act take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force.
12 13 14 15	(a) Effective Dates.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the provisions of this Act and the amendments made by this Act take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force. (b) Exceptions.—Sections 1 through 3 and this title
12 13 14 15 16	(a) Effective Dates.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the provisions of this Act and the amendments made by this Act take effect on the date the Agreement enters into force. (b) Exceptions.—Sections 1 through 3 and this title take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

21 made by this Act, shall cease to be effective.

